



Wealth Minerals | Investor presentation

June 2017

Forward Looking and Cautionary Statements

- Except for the statements of historical fact contained herein, the information presented on this website and the information incorporated by reference herein, constitutes “forward looking information” within the meaning of applicable Canadian securities laws concerning the business, operations and financial performance and condition of Wealth Minerals Ltd. (“the Company”). All statements, except for statements of historical fact, that address activities, events or developments that management of the Company expects or anticipates will or may occur in the future including such things as future capital expenditures (including the amount and nature thereof), business strategies and measures to implement strategies, competitive strengths, goals, expansion and growth of the business and operations, plans and references to the future success of the Company, and such other matters, are forward looking statements. Often, but not always, forward looking information can be identified by words such as “pro forma”, “plans”, “expects”, “may”, “should”, “budget”, “scheduled”, “estimates”, “forecasts”, “intends”, “anticipates”, “believes”, “potential” or variations of such words including negative variations thereof, and phrases that refer to certain actions, events or results that may, could, would, might or will occur or be taken or achieved. Forward looking information involves known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the Company to differ materially from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward looking information. Such risks and other factors include, among others, operating and technical difficulties in connection with mining development, actual results of exploration activities, estimation or realization of mineral reserves and mineral resources, the timing and amount of estimated future production, costs of production, capital expenditures, the costs and timing of the development of new deposits, the availability of a sufficient supply of water and other materials, requirements for additional capital, future prices of metal, changes in general economic conditions, changes in the financial markets and in the demand and market price for commodities, possible variations in ore grade or recovery rates, possible failures of plants, equipment or processes to operate as anticipated, accidents, labour disputes and other risks of the mining industry, delays in obtaining governmental approvals, permits or financing or in the completion of development or construction activities, changes in laws, regulations and policies affecting mining operations, hedging practices, currency fluctuations, title disputes or claims limitations on insurance coverage and the timing and possible outcome of pending litigation, environmental issues and liabilities, risks related to joint venture operations, risks related to the integration of acquisitions, as well as risks and uncertainties discussed in the latest Management Discussion and Analysis Reports and Financial Statements (refer to the Financial Section on the Company’s website under Investors, and company filings on www.sedar.com).
- Shareholders are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward looking information. The Company undertakes no obligation to update any of the forward looking information on this website or incorporated by reference herein, except as otherwise required by law.

Introduction to Wealth Minerals Ltd



Mineral resource company with world class lithium assets in Chile, the no. 1 country for low-cost, high-purity supply in the rapidly growing lithium industry

2005

Establishment

First Chilean lithium asset acquisition in 2016

156

Market capitalization

*CDN million
Listed on the TSX Venture Exchange in Canada under the ticker WML*

4

Lithium projects

Exploration assets located adjacent to existing production in Chile

Investment highlights

World class assets managed by highly experienced team with strong track record

1

Portfolio of world class lithium assets in Chile, the lowest cost region in the world

5

Proven ability to source and execute asset deals and expand portfolio with quality assets

2

Highly attractive outlook for lithium demand and prices, driven by the rapid growth in Electric Vehicles

4

Strong network in Chilean mining industry and regulatory bodies, key to obtaining permits and licenses

3

Highly experienced team with industrial background and excellent track record of developing mineral resources companies

Highly experienced management team



Henk van Alphen | CEO / Director

- Mr. van Alphen founded Wealth Minerals in 2005
- More than 30 years of experience in the mining industry. He has been a key player in companies such as Corriente Resources, Cardero Resources, Trevali Mining, Balmoral Resources, and International Tower Hill
- Over \$1B raised in various financial transactions via Mr. van Alphen's involvement



Marcelo Awad | Executive Director Wealth Chile

- Mr. Awad has a long and distinguished career in the mining industry
- 18 years with Codelco, most recently as Executive Vice President
- 16 years with Antofagasta Minerals S.A., the Mining Division of Antofagasta Plc, including 8 years as CEO from 2004 to 2012, a period of very significant growth for Antofagasta
- In the 2011 Harvard Business Review, Mr. Awad was ranked as the number one CEO in Chile, 18th in Latin America and 87th in the world



Tim McCutcheon | President

- Mr. McCutcheon is a capital markets professional and corporate manager with over 20 years' business experience
- In 2006 he was a founder of DBM Capital Partners, a boutique mining resource merchant bank with AUM of \$130M and \$100M completed M&A transactions
- Mr. McCutcheon has been a director/CEO of several public Emerging Market natural resource companies with assets in Russia, Kyrgyzstan, Slovakia, Mali and Ghana.



Jonathan Lotz | Corporate Counsel

- Mr. Lotz is a member of the Bars of British Columbia & New York and is a founding partner at the firm Lotz & Company, which has a significant mining and securities law practice.
- Previously Mr. Lotz was a partner at the national law firm of Heenan Blaikie LLP, where he headed the Vancouver mining and securities law practice group.



Marla Ritchie | Corporate Secretary

- Ms. Ritchie brings over 25 years' experience in public markets working as an Administrator and Corporate Secretary specializing in resource based exploration companies
- Currently, she is also the corporate secretary for several companies, including International Tower Hill Mines Ltd. and Trevali Mining Corporation.



Steven Foot | Head Geologist - Chile

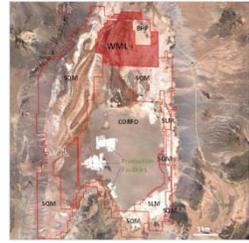
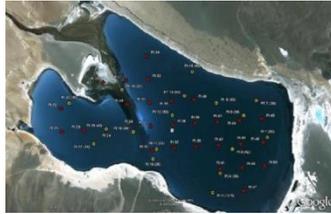
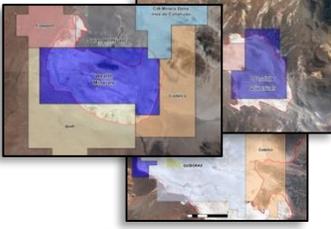
- Mr. Foot is a geoscientist with over 30 years' experience managing water resources gained principally in the mining industry and has lived in Chile for more than 25 years. He has extensive experience in salar hydrogeology and wetlands as well as the Chilean water and environmental legislation.
- Previous experience includes working as the hydrogeologist for what is now SQM's lithium operations on the Atacama salar.



John Drobe | Senior Geologist

- Mr. Drobe is a geologist with over 30 years' experience specializing in porphyry copper-gold, epithermal and skarn deposits throughout the Americas.
- Mr. Drobe has a deep experience with organizing and managing exploration campaigns, particularly in South America, which he has participated in the exploration and development of projects in Peru, Argentina, Ecuador and Chile.

WML holds a lithium brine project portfolio of 71,000 hectares

			<i>Hectares</i>
A	Atacama	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Atacama salar is the world's highest grade and largest producing lithium brine, currently producing approximately one third of global lithium output and 100% Chilean output Low potential opex compared to global supply cost curve WML holds 144 concessions in the northern part of the salar, contiguous with concessions held by BHP Billiton, SQM and Corfo 	 46,200
B	Laguna Verde	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Aggregate total concession size of approximately 8,700 hectares in Region III, northern Chile 193km east of regional capital Copiapo, adjacent to Highway 60 and 15 km west of the Argentinian border Lake-brine sampling and evaluation program initiated in March 2017 Initial bathymetric data reported April 2017 	 8,700
C	Trinity	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Trinity project comprises land positions in three different salars (Agua Calientes Norte, Pujsa, Quisquiro), located in close proximity to each other The land positions totals approx. 6,000 hectares Historical surface samplings and analysis (signumBOX) suggests a lithium concentration of ~205-290 mg/l at Agua Calientes Norte and ~220-620 mg/l at Pujsa Quisquiro listed as a Tier 1 lithium salar in signumBOX analysis published in 2014 	 6,000
D	Five Salars	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> In April 2017, WML executed an LOI to acquire options for exploration concessions totaling 10,500 hectares The acquisition is part of WML's strategy to consolidate land positions in Chile The concessions are divided into 5 projects; Ascotan, Piedra Parada, Huasco, Lejia, and Siglia (collectively "Five Salars") 	 10,500

Business model – establish capability, execute development

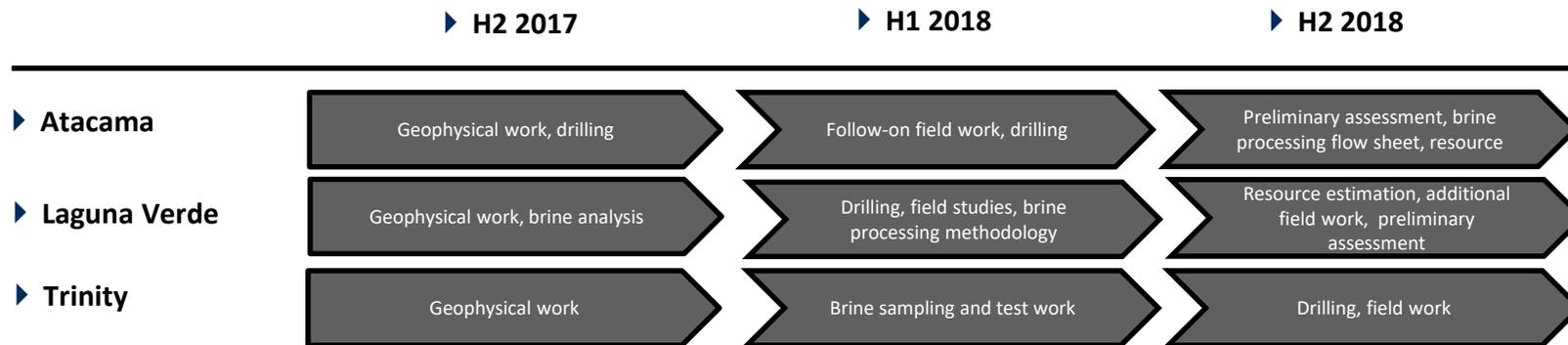
- WML strongly believes that there is an ongoing paradigm shift in the way the world uses and consumes energy. Lithium is a major part of that paradigm shift, and Wealth has a competitive advantage in the lithium mining industry due to the collective know-how of the company's assembled team.
- WML's business model is to 1) create a corporate platform, 2) acquire assets at reasonable prices where the company can add value, 3) prioritize the development of assets to those which have the quickest route to cash flow generation, while using the remaining asset portfolio to position the company at the forefront of lithium resource industry consolidation.
- The steps to achieve this business model: Platform (team, ability to expand human resources, financing). The platform has been created successfully. Asset Acquisition (Option contracts to lower up-front risk, lower acquisition cost to company shareholders as equity values increase. Prioritization (Atacama is top priority, Laguna Verde second, followed by Trinity and the 5 Salars Project)
- WML is now transitioning from an asset acquirer to a developer. The company's funding needs are for vendor payment, as well as to fund development work, such as geophysics, drilling, team expansion, and process testing.
- Given the nature of the lithium mining industry, there are multiple strategic partners possibilities for Wealth

ENERGY PARADIGM SHIFT



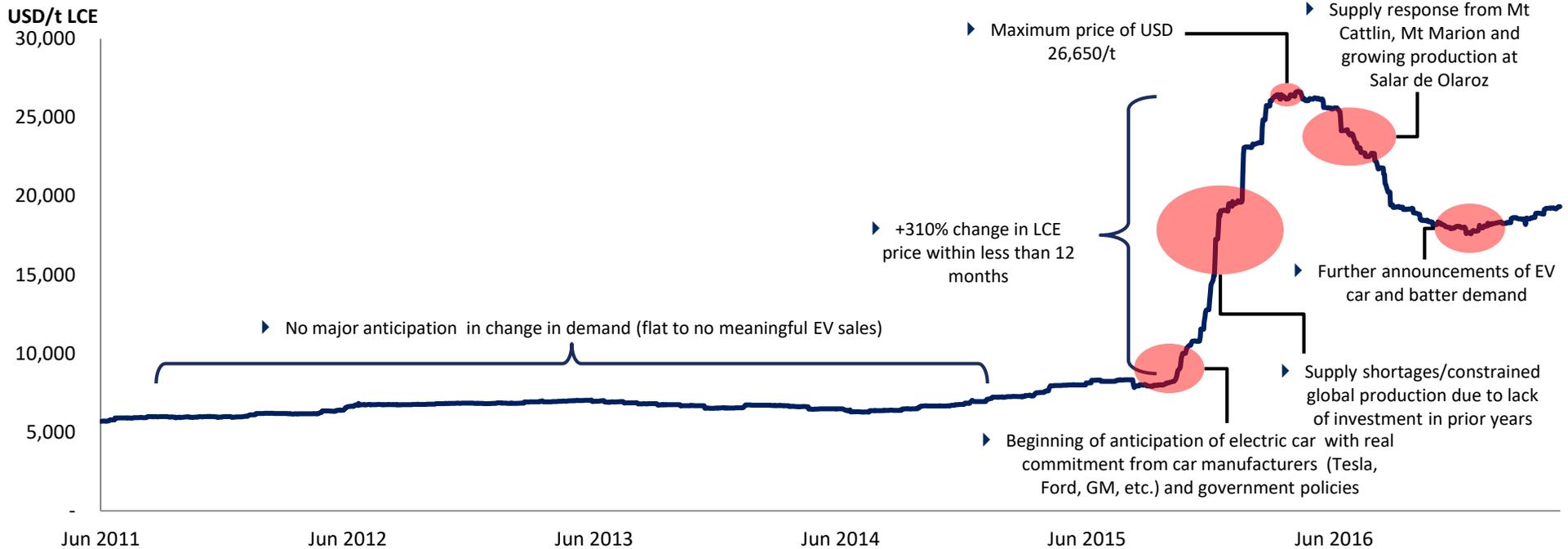
Exploration program and plan

- Wealth’s exploration program is asset specific. On Atacama, since there are already two world class operations on the same geological structure, the learning curve is flat and Wealth can use the knowledge accumulated for decades by SQM and Albemarle in the Atacama. Wealth anticipates starting work in Q3 2017, which will entail geophysical studies to better understand the subsurface structure of the Company’s license ground in the Atacama, as well as drilling 3 – 5 wells to test brine composition at different depths in the salar.
- The Company also intends to continue its work on Laguna Verde in Q3 and Q4 2017, which includes material testing for lithium recovery, geophysical surveys to establish subsurface lithium targets and drilling to test targets for lithium-bearing brines.
- The Company intends to conduct geophysical work by end-2017 on the Trinity Project to identify targets for further work. Additionally, Wealth is evaluating technology providers to study optimal ways for developing the Trinity salars (solar evaporation, accelerated evaporation/processing, brine pipelines, etc.).



Historic lithium price development and key events

Lithium price development



▶ Key drivers for lithium prices



Electric vehicles



E-bikes

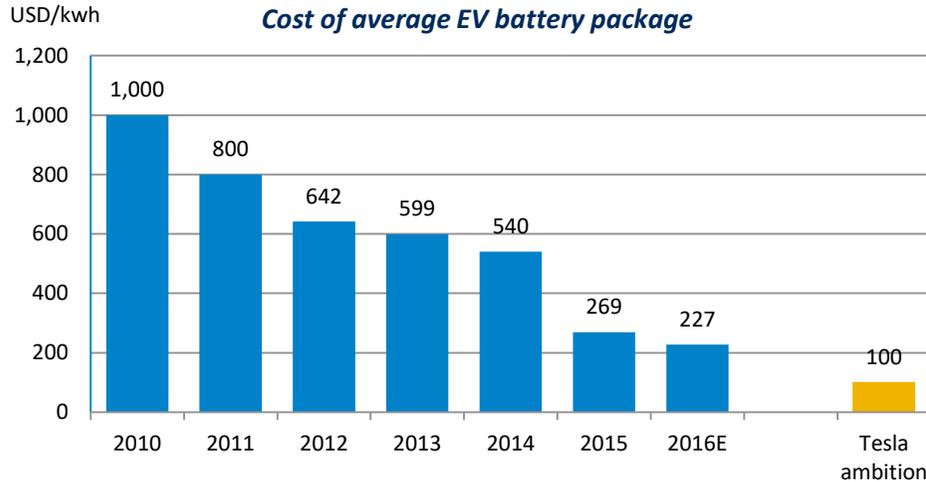
35 million units sold globally in 2016



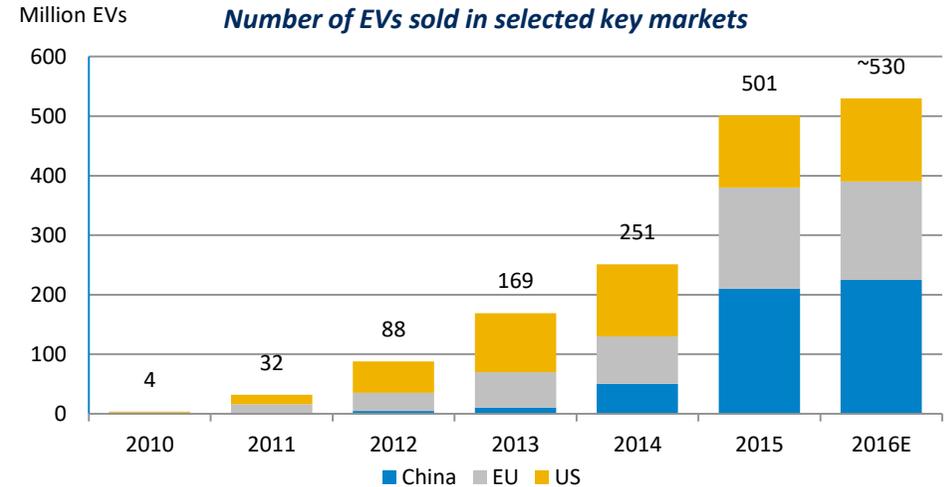
Energy storage

Demand | Key sources and drivers

Decline in battery costs and higher energy density...



... has contributed to soaring EV sales worldwide...

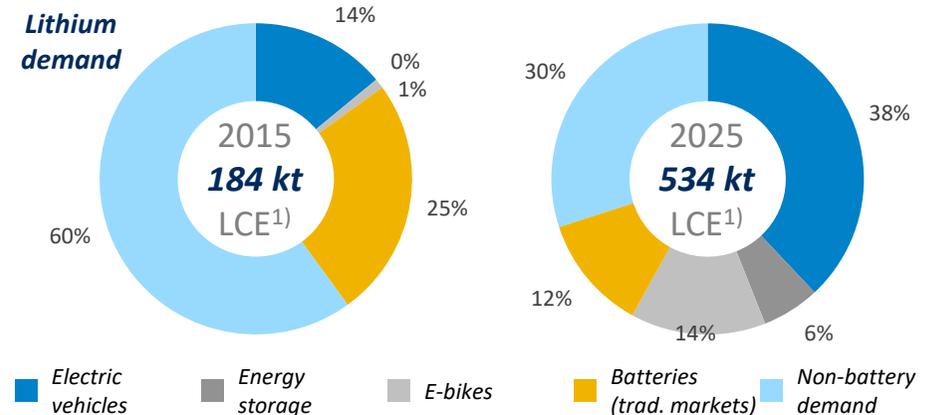


... without lithium experiencing any price pressure



Although battery prices have decrease, lithium prices have been unaffected - lithium makes up less than 3% of total battery costs

... causing demand to triple over next ten years

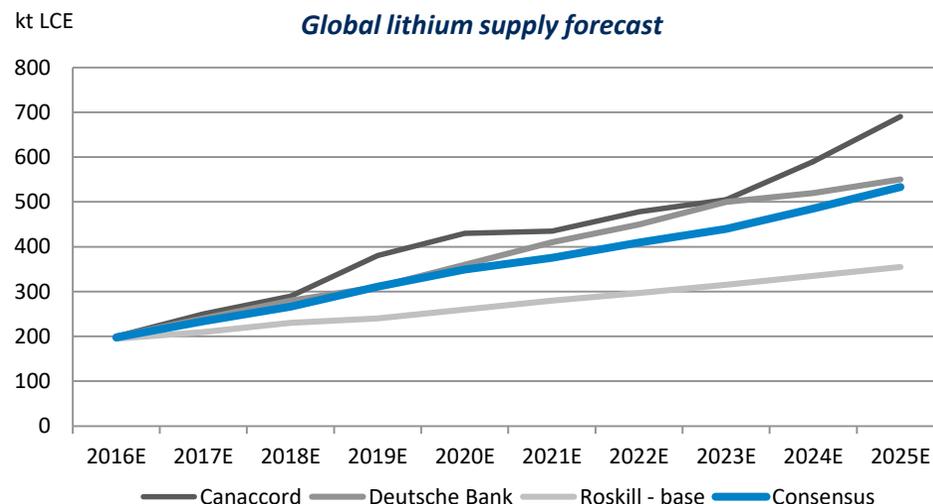


Supply | Key sources and drivers

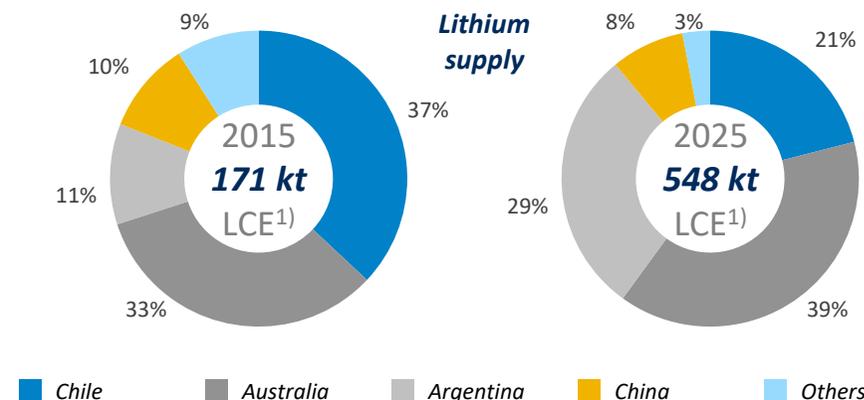
Description of lithium reserves and production

- Lithium is an abundant resource globally with majority of currently known reserves concentrated in Chile, Argentina, Australia and China
- Lithium can be extracted from two sources; hard-rock (spodumene) deposits (~25% of global reserves) and brine-based deposits (~75% of global reserves)
 - Current production is split approx. 50-50 between hard-rock mining and salt lake brine extraction
- Lithium production is concentrated in a few countries and by few companies. >85% of global lithium is extracted by four producers:
 - Albermarle (~35%)
 - SQM (~22%)
 - Sichuan Tianqi (~16%)
 - FMC Corporation (~13%)

Supply will keep up with medium-term demand



South America and Australia to capture most growth



Supply | Chile is the no. 1 country for a lithium producer



Global reserves base

Approx. half of the world's lithium reserves and one third of current production



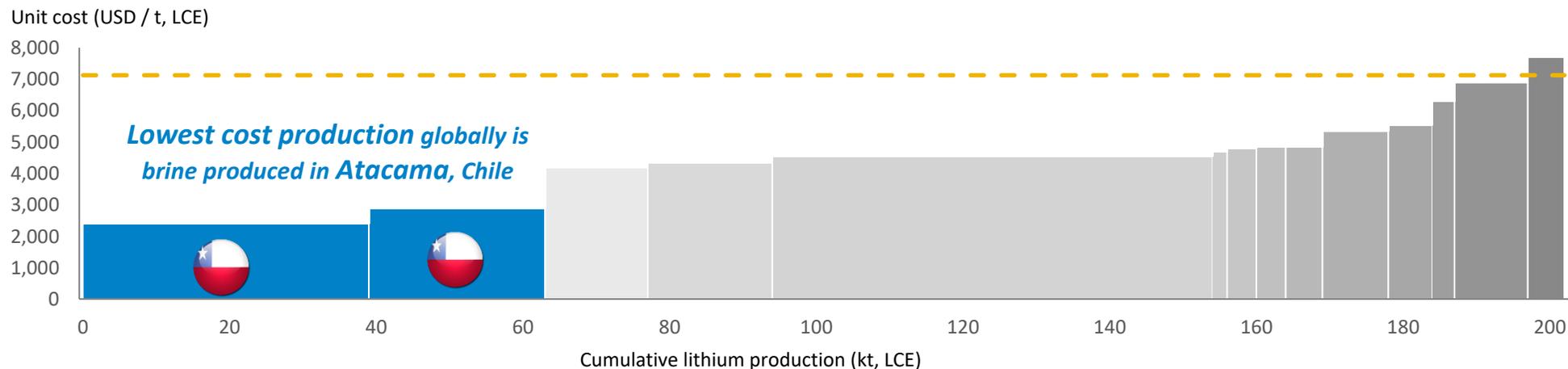
Lowest cost producer

Chilean salt lake brine producers have the lowest operating costs due to hot weather and low precipitation – Atacama is the driest non-polar desert in the world



A mining nation

Long legacy from copper mining – government ambition to increase and expand lithium production, several regulatory improvements since 2014



Supply | Few pure play lithium exposure vehicles available for investors

Largest non-Chinese lithium producers are conglomerates not offering pure-play lithium exposure

 ALBEMARLE®

USD 12.4bn

Market capitalisation

Global specialty chemicals company, with activities in specialty metals extraction, refining catalysts and applied surface treatments

36%

Lithium & advanced materials share of total revenues



USD 8.7bn

Market capitalisation

Global producer of fertilizers, potassium nitrate, iodine, lithium, specialty chemicals and metals explorations

27%

Lithium and derivatives share of total revenues

FMC

USD 10.0bn

Market capitalisation

Global chemical manufacturing company providing solutions and products for the agricultural, industrial and pharmaceutical markets

8%

Lithium share of total revenues



USD 6.6bn

Market capitalisation

China-based producer of lithium for ores and production of mid to high-end lithium products, listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange

100%

Lithium share of total revenues

“

For investors who are just catching on to the lithium battery revolution, the best way to play the game is to look past the traditional lithium producers. In this boom scenario, investors will be looking at companies with the lowest market caps, solid management and highly prospective deposits.

USA Today – “Buffet, Musk to spark a lithium boom”

”

WML's lithium brine project portfolio

A Atacama

- 100% royalty-free interest in 144 exploration concessions
- Located in the Atacama Salar in Region II of Antofagasta, northern Chile
- 46,200 hectares
- WML's core focus over the next 12-24 months

B Laguna Verde

- Entered into Lol Dec. 2016 to acquire a 100% royalty-free interest in the Laguna Verde project, additional land accumulated in June 2017
- Aggregate total concession size of 8,700 hectares in Region III
- Located 193km east of Copiapo, adjacent to Highway 60 and 15km west of Argentinian border

C Trinity

- Three properties comprise WML's Trinity project (Aguas Calientes Norte, Pujasa and Quisquiro)
- Close proximity to each other (potential infrastructure synergies)
- In total 6,000 hectares

D Five Salars

- WML executed Lol in Apr. 2017 to acquire a concession portfolio of 5 salars in Northern Chile; Ascotan, Piedra Parada, Huasco, Siglia and Leija
- The concessions comprise a total of 10,500 hectares



A Atacama – WML’s flagship project (I)

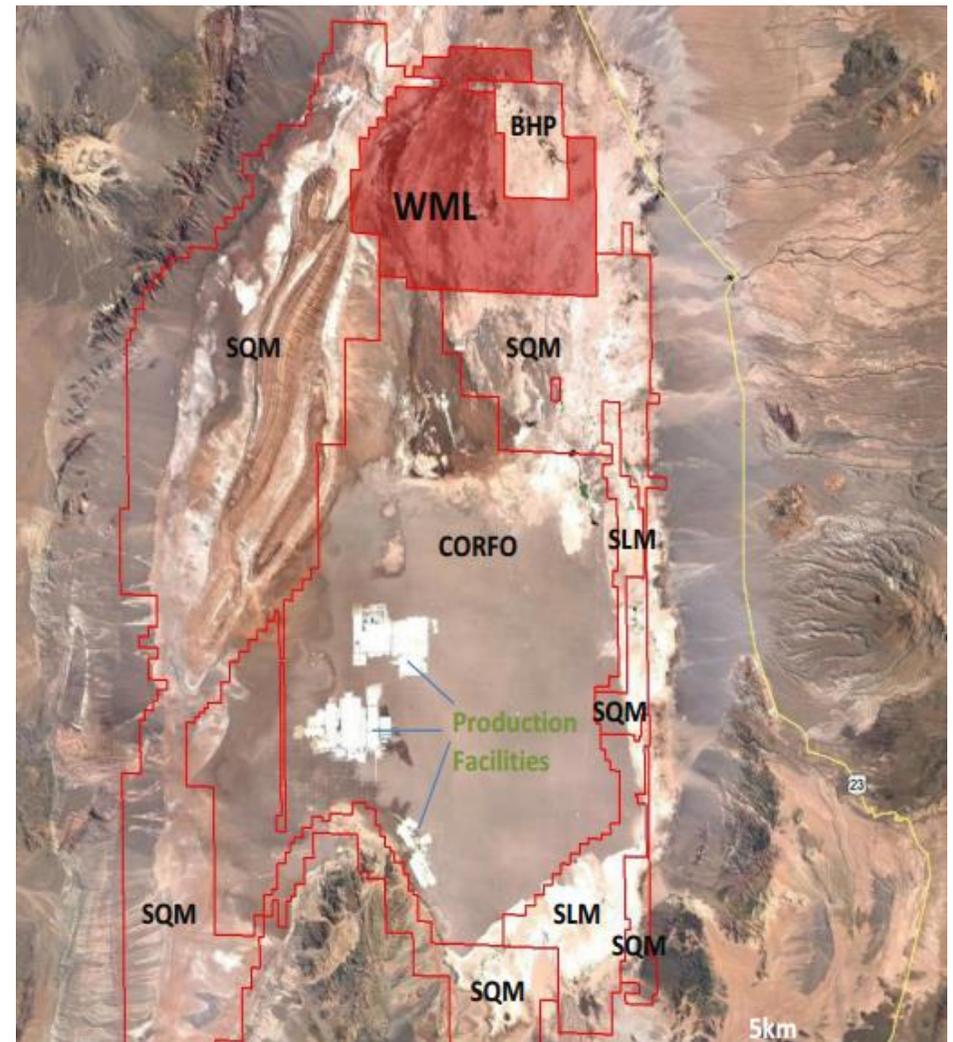
The Atacama Salar

- The world’s highest grade and largest producing lithium brine deposit
- Currently producing ~ 1/3 of global lithium output
- High grade of both lithium (1,840mg/l) and potassium (22,630mg/l)
- High rate of evaporation (3,200mm per year) and very low rainfall (15 mm average per year)
- Current production positioned on the low end of the global lithium cost curve
- Adjacent to Highway 23 which connects northern Chile and Argentina
- WML entered into option agreements in November 2016 which granted a 100% royalty-free interest in 144 exploration concessions
 - Remaining payments of USD 11m in cash and 13,000,000 WML shares
- WML concessions covering 46,200 hectares in the northern part of the Salar
 - Contiguous with concessions owned by BHP Billiton, SQM, and CORFO (the Chilean Economic Development Agency)
 - SQM and Albemarle have largescale production facilities in the salar, located on the ground held by CORFO

Salar comparison

	Salar de Atacama ¹	Salar de Maricunga ²	Salar de Olaroz ²	Salar de Hombre Muerto ²	Salar de Cauchari ³
Country	Chile	Chile	Argentina	Argentina	Argentina
Lithium	1 840	1 250	690	740	590
Potassium	22 630	8 970	5 730	7 400	4 850
Magnesium	11 740	8 280	1 660	1 020	1 420
Mg/Li	6.40	6.63	2.40	1.40	2.43
K/Li	12.33	7.18	8.30	9.95	8.30
K/Mg	1.93	1.08	3.46	7.26	3.58

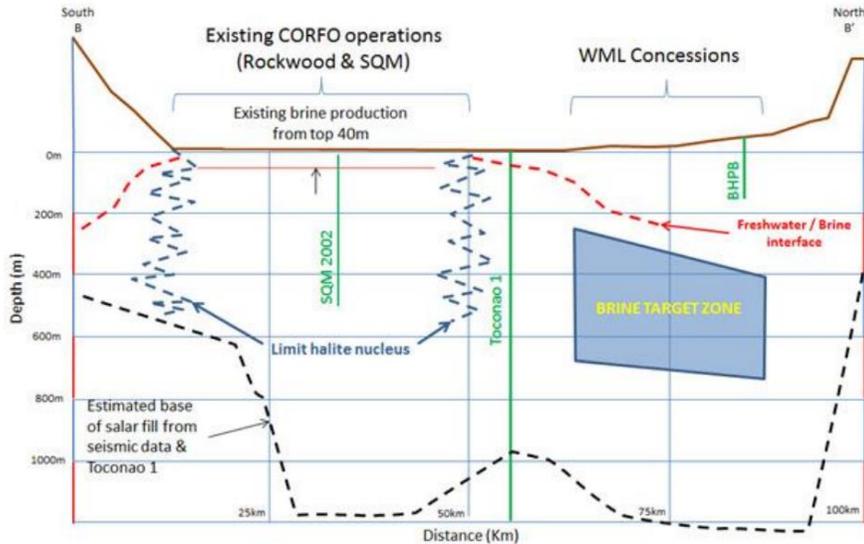
Overview map of WML concessions



1) NI 43-101 report prepared for Orocobre Ltd., May 13, 2011. 2) NI 43-101 amended report prepared for L3 Energy Inc., May 23, 2012. 3) NI 43-101 report prepared for Lithium Americas Corp., July 11, 2012

A Atacama – WML’s flagship project (II)

Brine target zone and development



- The Atacama Salar extends to depth of at least 975m
- Lithium brines are pumped from aquifers, which can exist at any depth depending on geological history of the salar
- SQM and Albemarle extract lithium from the top 40m in the southern portion of the salar
- Sediment and fresh-water recharge in the Atacama basin comes from north to south (WML’s position is in the north of the salar). As a result, surface water and shallow aquifers are relatively fresh (brackish) in composition
- The location of the freshwater / brine interface is critical for exploration. In the Atacama basin, this interface is deeper in the north and shallow in the south due to the north to south freshwater recharge and the nature of the basin sediment fill
- WML’s primary lithium brine target is interpreted to be between 200m and 600m from surface. The initial focus of the Company’s work will be in the southeast part of the Atacama Project

WML work plan

Current status

- Community relations
- Regulatory approvals for work

Q3 2017

- Geophysical work and analysis
- Drilling 3 – 5 holes to test brine in the southwest corner of the Atacama license
 - Drill holes up to 600M deep, first 100M sonic drilling, remaining diamond drilling

Q4 2017

- Data analysis and interpretation
- Regulatory approvals for additional work, Environmental Impact Assessment survey

Q1 2018

- Large scale systematic drilling for first resource estimation
- Brine analysis for technology optimization

Q2 2018

- Maiden resource at the Atacama Project
- Preliminary Economic Assessment
- Continuing regulatory work and community engagement

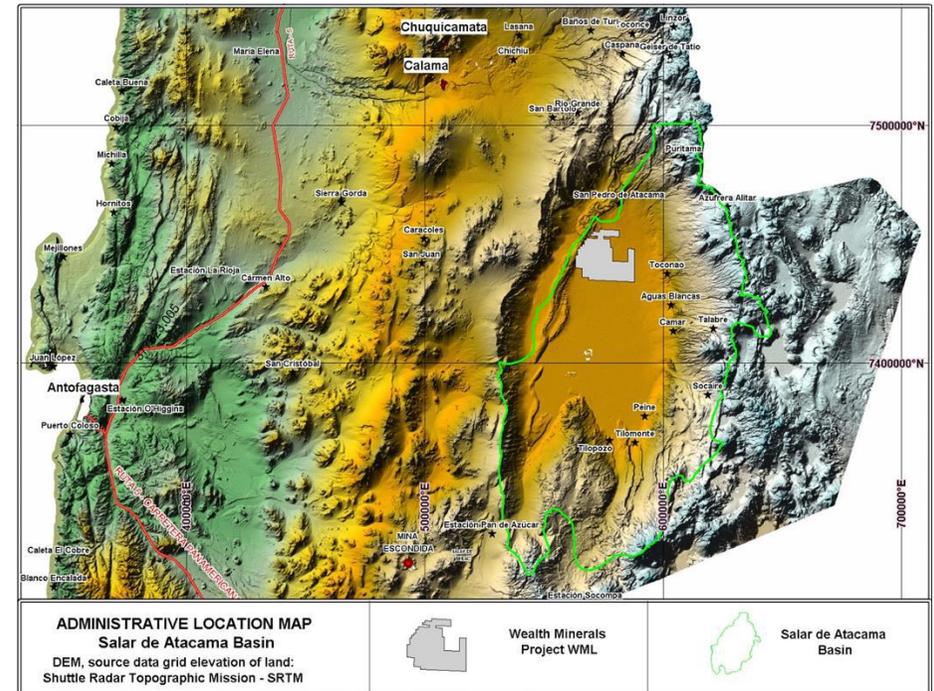
A Atacama – WML’s flagship project (III)

Executive Summary from NI 43-101 Report

- The Salar de Atacama is host to more than 15% of the world’s known lithium reserves, and yet exploration and production of lithium has occurred only in the southern portion of the Salar. The proximity of the Project to existing producers strongly suggests that exploration potential is good for the discovery of brines in the northern portion of the Salar, underlying the Project.
- The principal origin of lithium in the Salar de Atacama is interpreted to be the lithium-bearing geothermal waters from the El Tatio Geyser Field, located north of the salar. The geothermal fluids enter the northern part of the Salar de Atacama via surface and subsurface flow. Further, the chemistry of the salar brines is almost identical to the chemistry of the geothermal fluids of El Tatio, further strengthening the interpretation that the El Tatio geothermal fluids are the source of lithium and potassium in the Salar.
- The geology of the Project is similar to the sedimentary settings of other salars such as Maricunga, La Isla, Olaroz, and Cauchari, where potentially economic lithium resources have been reported by other public and private lithium exploration companies. Regional studies of the Salar de Atacama’s geology, hydrogeology, climate and other factors provide a high-level of understanding of the lithium brine processes in the region, lending credence to the exploration potential of the Project.
- Wealth Minerals intends to evaluate the brine potential of the Project by utilizing geophysical methods to better evaluate basin configuration, geologic structure, and the hydrogeology of the concessions, followed by drill testing any targets developed by the initial work.

Acquisition payment schedule

Payment terms for acquisition		
Date	Cash (USD)	WML shares (#)
Upon signing (paid)	3 000 000	2 000 000
1 July 2017	3 000 000	4 000 000
1 March 2018	3 000 000	4 000 000
1 March 2019	5 000 000	5 000 000
Total	14 000 000	15 000 000



B Laguna Verde project (I)

Description

- The Company entered into a letter of intent dated December 12, 2016 to acquire a 100% royalty-free interest in the Laguna Verde project, additional land acquired in June 2017
- The Project comprises of an aggregate land package for a total of 8,700 hectares and is located in Region III, northern Chile
 - 193 km east of the regional capital city of Copiapo, adjacent to Highway 60 and 15 km west of the border with Argentina
- Lake-brine sampling and evaluation program initiated March 2017
 - Samples collected for analysis by Tenova
 - Tenova will determine grade, composition of brines
 - Initial work on developing lithium recovery methodology
- Initial bathymetric data April 2017
 - Determined shallow (mean depth of 3.5M) surface brine water presence, complementary potential resource to subsurface brines
- Gravity survey May 2017
 - Data collection highlights geological structures anticipated to contain brines, follow-up drilling Q3 2017 to extract and tests brines adjacent to and underneath surface brine water

Overview map



LOI terms for acquisition

LOI payment schedule

Date	WML shares	Cash (USD)
Upon signing (issued - paid)	1 000 000	700 000
23 December 2017	1 000 000	1 000 000
23 December 2018	1 000 000	1 000 000
23 December 2019	2 000 000	1 000 000
23 December 2020	2 000 000	1 300 000
Total	7 000 000	2 600 000

B Laguna Verde project (II)

- Three preliminary shallow drill targets in close proximity to Laguna Verde (200 to 300m from surface) identified. Additional drill target to test the interpreted deeper brine to the northeast (>400m from surface).
- Gravity model suggests a basin whose depth varies between about 400m and just over 1000m within the surveyed area. Conductivity variations within this interpreted basin suggest the presence at depth of saline groundwater (potential brine) in lateral proximity to the surface body of water at an interpreted depth of 200m to 300m, with the strongest response at the western end of the lake.
- Additional ground acquired as part of geophysical work. LOI option agreement, subject to certain conditions. Outline of land position in green (Figure 1)

LOI option terms for additional ground acquisition

LOI payment schedule

Date	WML shares	Cash (USD)
Upon signing	1 000 000	200 000
12 months after signing	1 000 000	500 000
24 months after signing	1 000 000	1 000 000
36 months after signing	1 000 000	1 000 000
48 months after signing	1 000 000	1 300 000
Total	5 000 000	4 000 000

Project map / analysis



Figure 1: Laguna Verde Lithium Project land position showing the location of the pre-existing option property (blue outline) and the newly acquired projects (green outline). The location of geophysical gravity and TEM survey lines (red lines) are superimposed.

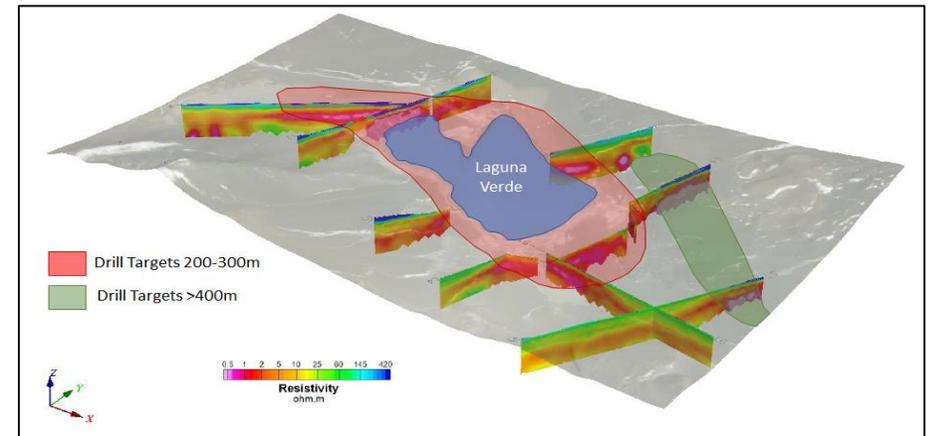
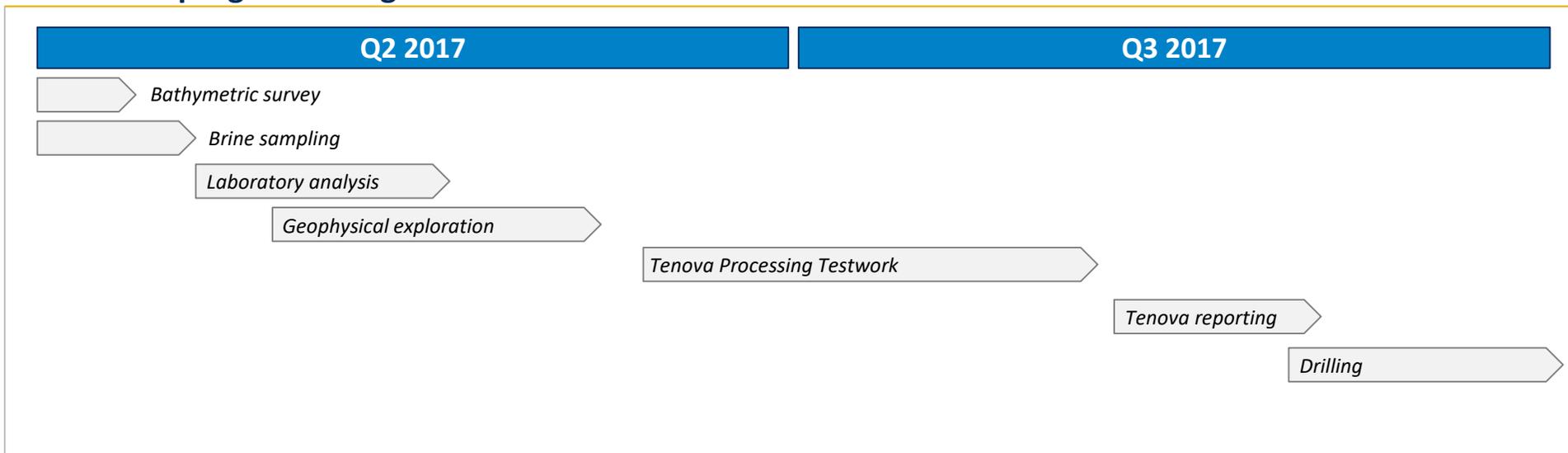


Figure 2: Laguna Verde brine lake, 3D visualization viewed from above toward the northwest with draped inversion model sections of resistivity from the TEM survey beneath the semi-transparent satellite image draped over topography. Areas interpreted to have shallow (200-300m) brine drill targets are outlined in transparent red, while areas with potentially deeper drill targets (>400m) are outlined in transparent blue.

B Laguna Verde project (III)

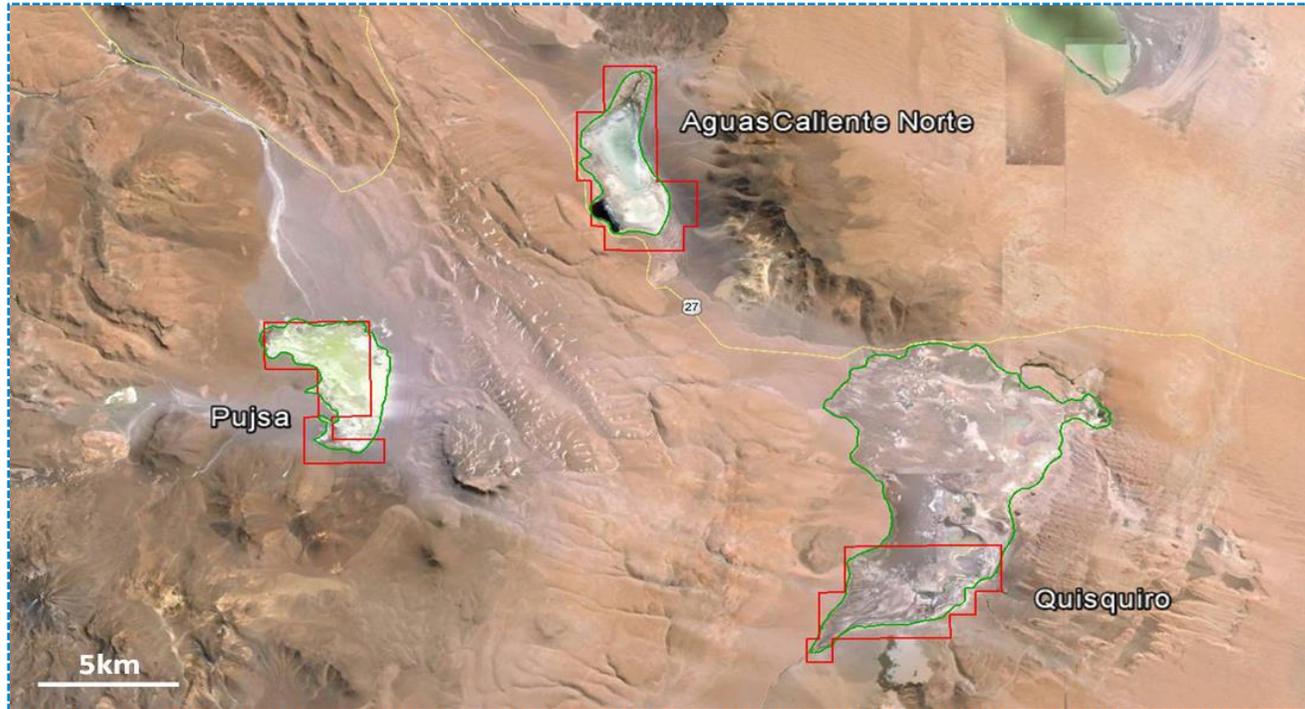
WML work program at Laguna Verde



- Currently the company is analyzing data collected from field work studies, including resistivity tests which are quite accurate for locating subsurface brines. The result of the analysis will give the Company drill targets which will be drilled once the seasonal factors permit so. The Company believes that the above ground lake at the Laguna Verde, which was originally anticipated to be the only potential resource of lithium, is in fact a small part of a much larger lithium basin were the bulk of anticipated lithium brines are located underneath the lake in permeable layers that form the salar basin.
- As part of the recently completed work program, the Company has retained Tenova to test brines from Laguna Verde for lithium (and other elements) grade, as well as to begin recovery technology testing. It is expected that the results of such work will be available by the end of Q3 2017.

C Trinity project (I)

Overview of assets in the Trinity project



- Aguas Calientes Norte, Pujsa and Quisquiro projects collectively define the Company's Trinity Lithium Project; a consolidation of Chilean salars where it is anticipated future infrastructure and management synergies can help exploit the total lithium potential of the assets
- Exploration concessions for ~6,000 hectares in total
- Located east of the Atacama near the Argentinian border

C Trinity project (II)

Aguas Calientes Norte

Description

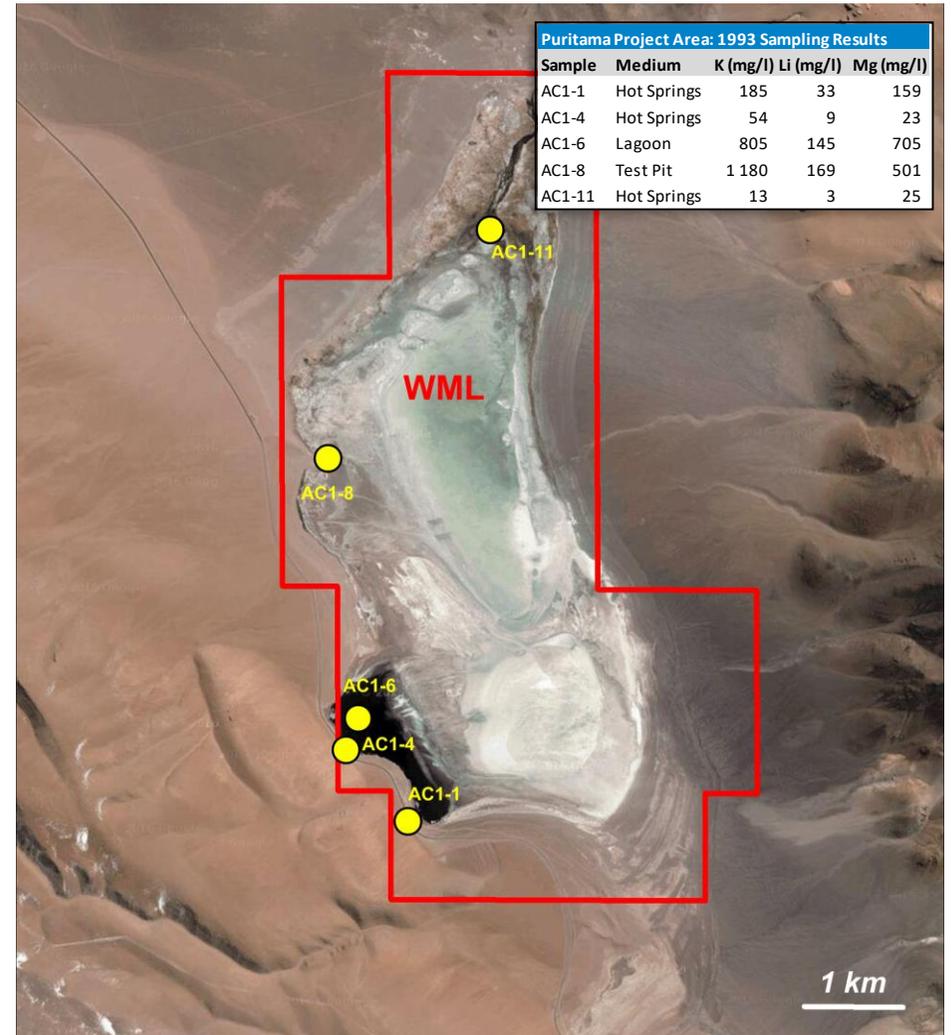
- Option agreement giving it the right to acquire a 100% royalty-free interest in the Puritama 1 to 8 exploration concessions (2,000 hectares) located in the Salar de Aguas Calientes
- Historical surface sampling of brines and springs on the Property was completed in 1993. Results suggested a lithium concentration ranging up to 169 mg/l
 - This initial sampling is broadly in line with independent analysis published by signumBOX (June 2015), which suggests an expected lithium concentration of 205 mg/l to 290 mg/l
- The exploration concessions are located 320km from the port of Antofagasta
- Access to the Property is via Route 27, a highway located at the western edge of the claim block

LOI terms for acquisition

LOI payment schedule

Date	Cash (USD)
Upon signing (paid)	150 000
18 April 2017 (paid)	500 000
18 April 2018	1 000 000
18 April 2019	1 000 000
Total	2 650 000

Overview map



C Trinity project (III)

Salar de Pujsa

Description

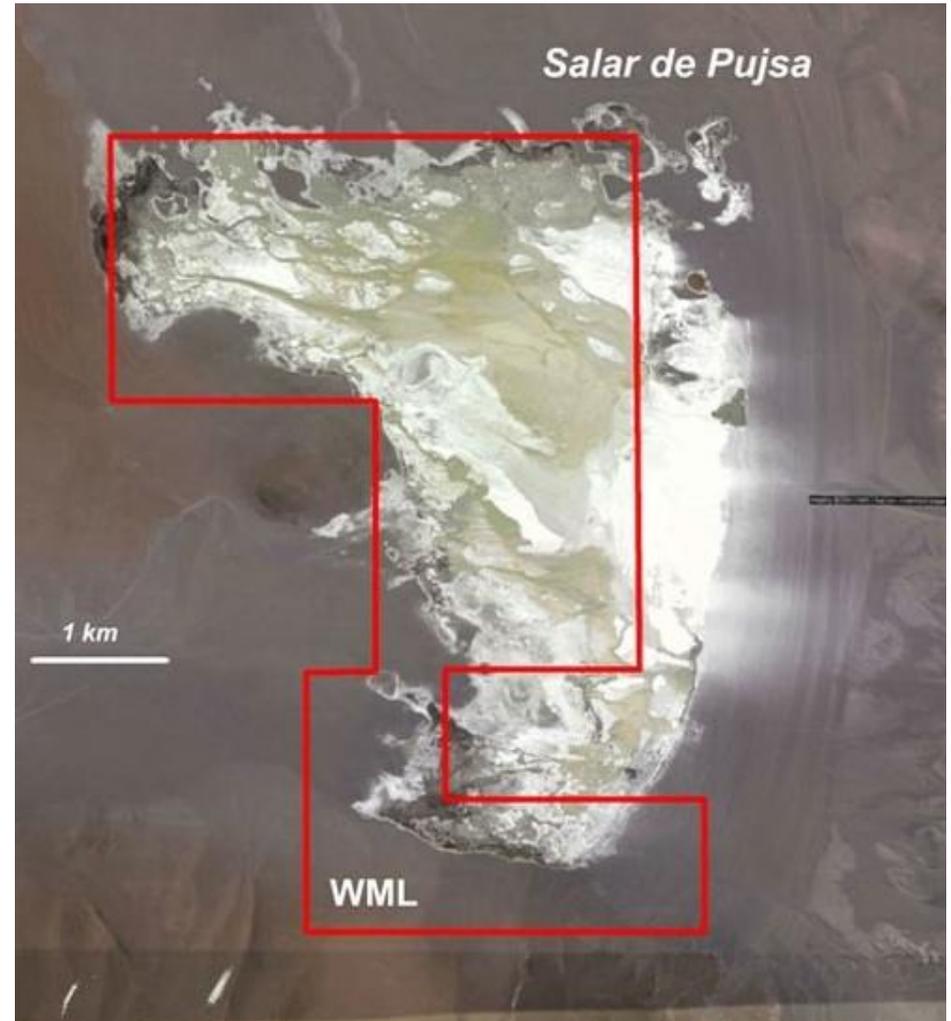
- Option agreement giving it the right to acquire a 100% royalty-free interest in the Pujsa 1 to 7 exploration concessions (1,600 hectares) located in the Salar de Pujsa
- Chile's Sernageomin (Servicio Nacional de Geología y Minería) has published a list of 15 high-potential Chilean Salars, which includes the Pujsa Salar
- Independent analysis published by signumBOX (June 2015) suggests an expected lithium concentration of 220 mg/l to 620 mg/l
- Wealth has not yet done any sampling at the Property to validate these levels of lithium concentration
- The exploration concessions are located 83km from the town of San Pedro de Atacama
- Access to the Property is via Route 27, a highway located to the north of the claim block, and then south by gravel road to the Property

LOI terms for acquisition

LOI payment schedule

Date	Cash (USD)
Upon signing (paid)	200 000
13 December 2017	50 000
13 June 2018	750 000
13 June 2019	800 000
13 June 2020	850 000
Total	2 650 000

Overview map



C Trinity project (IV)

Salar de Quisquiro

Description

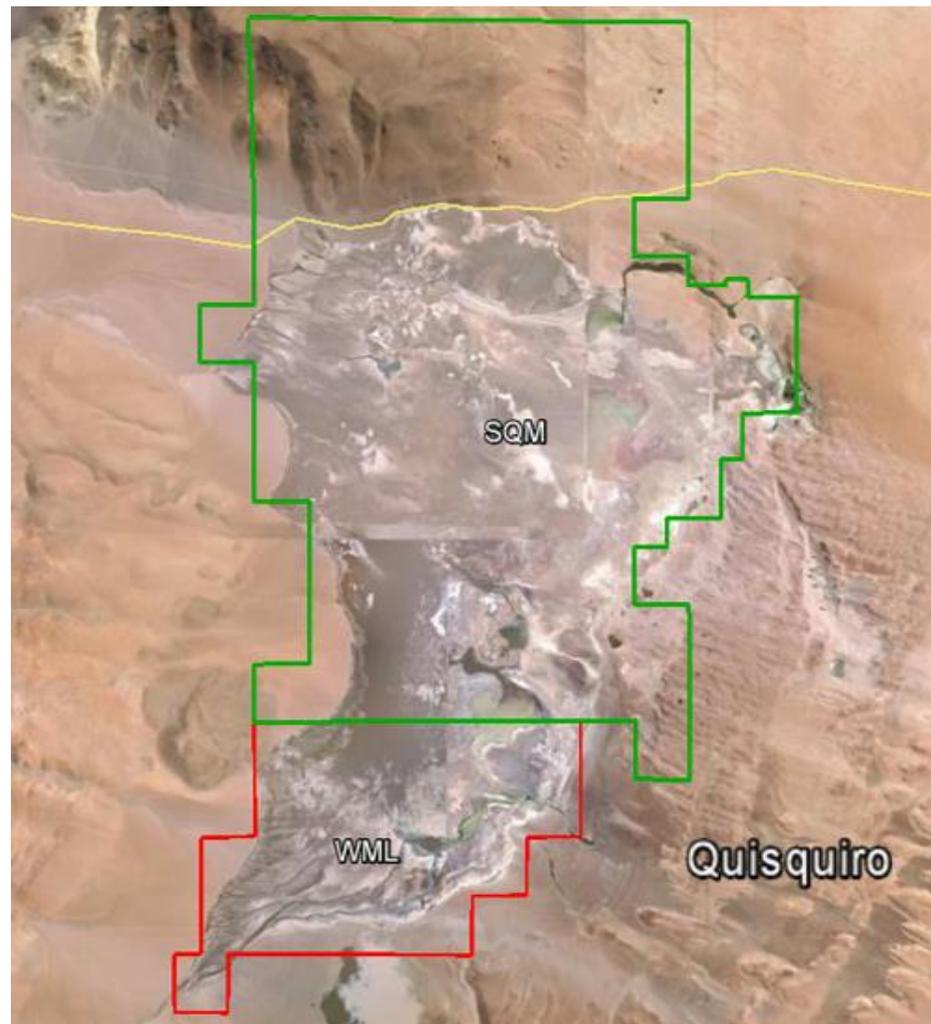
- Option agreement giving it the right to acquire a 100% royalty-free interest in the Pujsa 1 to 7 exploration concessions (1,600 hectares) located in the Salar de Pujsa
- Chile's Sernageomin (Servicio Nacional de Geología y Minería) has published a list of 15 high-potential Chilean Salars, which includes the Pujsa Salar
- Independent analysis published by signumBOX (June 2015) suggests an expected lithium concentration of 220 mg/l to 620 mg/l
- Wealth has not yet done any sampling at the Property to validate these levels of lithium concentration
- The exploration concessions are located 83km from the town of San Pedro de Atacama
- Access to the Property is via Route 27, a highway located to the north of the claim block, and then south by gravel road to the Property

LOI terms for acquisition

LOI payment schedule

Date	Cash (USD)
Upon signing (paid)	300 000
12 March 2017 (paid)	100 000
12 September 2017	500 000
12 September 2018	700 000
12 September 2019	1 000 000
Total	2 600 000

Overview map



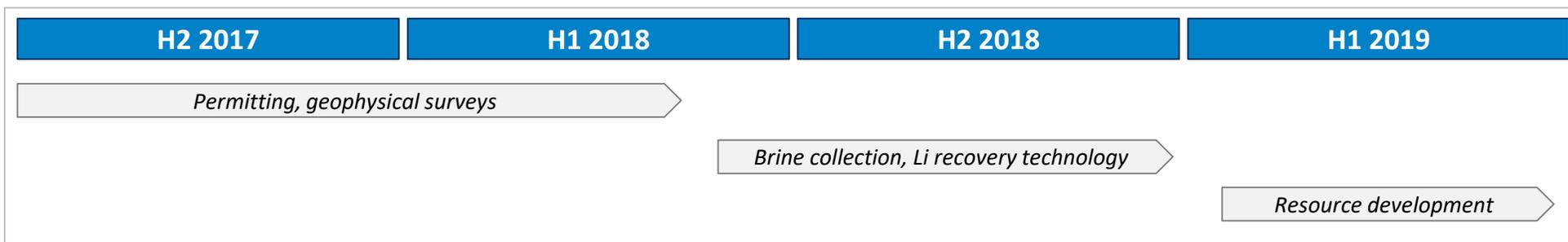
C Trinity project (V)

WML work plan

Agua Calientes Norte, Pujsa, Quisquiro (collectively the “Trinity Project”)

The company’s plan on the Trinity Project is to combine the development of all three salars in order to provide synergies and economies of scale. The ability to commercially tap brine from salars is greatly affected by the size of the salar and thus the amount of brine that can be extracted on a regular basis without permanently damaging the geological structure. Larger salars have more water coming in via above-ground and aquifer sources, meaning they can tolerate a larger debit of brine. Smaller salars can only support smaller operations. As such, Wealth’s development plan is to link all three salars of the Trinity Project into one production unit, with Quisquiro being the cornerstone asset, as it is the biggest, likely highest grade salar of the three. Combined, the brine from the three salars is anticipated to be sufficient to support the capital expense of a central processing plant. The first step of development will be permitting for a *pertenencia* (permit to conduct non-disruptive exploration, such as geophysics and very limited drilling).

The development plan is to first determine the potential full extent of a resource via geophysical surveys, then test the potential resource material (brine) to optimize Li recovery, and then collect data via drilling and other field work to develop a resource that will serve as the foundation of a feasibility study.



D Five Salars project (I)

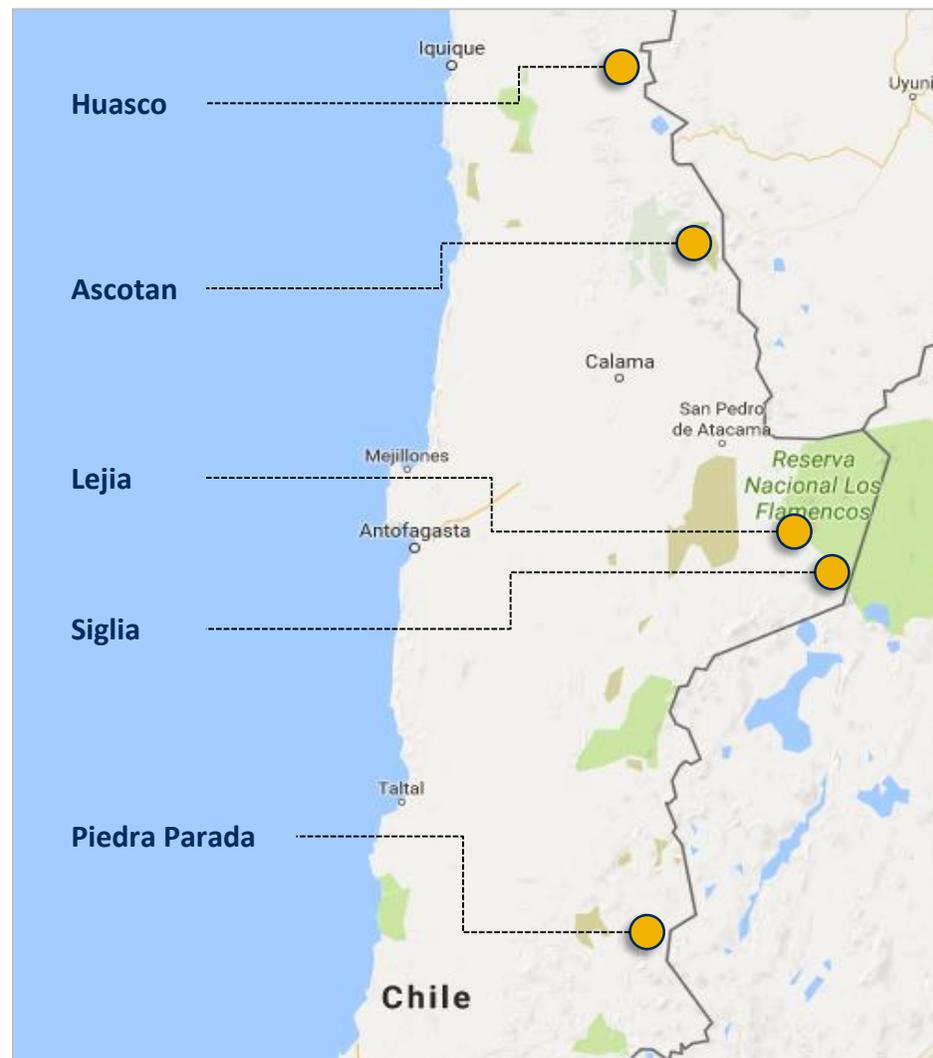
Description and payment schedule

- WML announced 18 April 2017 that it has executed an LOI for an option agreement with the right to acquire a 100% royalty-free interest in a portfolio of exploration concessions in northern Chile
- The concessions comprise approximately 10,500 hectares located in Regions I, II and III
- Huasco**
 - ~5,300 hectares in the Huasco salar
 - Contiguous to properties held by notable major mining companies such as Freeport McMoRan, BHP Billiton and Codelco
- Ascotan**
 - ~1,300 hectares in the west portion of the salar
 - Portions of the salar was historically exploited by SQM for Boron and has existing rail and road infrastructure in place
 - No current mining operations
 - Contiguous with Quiborax's land position. Codelco has a land position in the eastern part of the salar
- Leija and Siglia**
 - ~1,600 hectares in the Siglia salar and ~400 hectares in the Leija salar
- Piedra Parada**
 - ~1,900 hectares in the Salar de Piedra Parada
 - Contiguous to the Seven Salars project owned by a JV between Talison Lithium Pty Ltd and a group of local entrepreneurs

LOI payment schedule

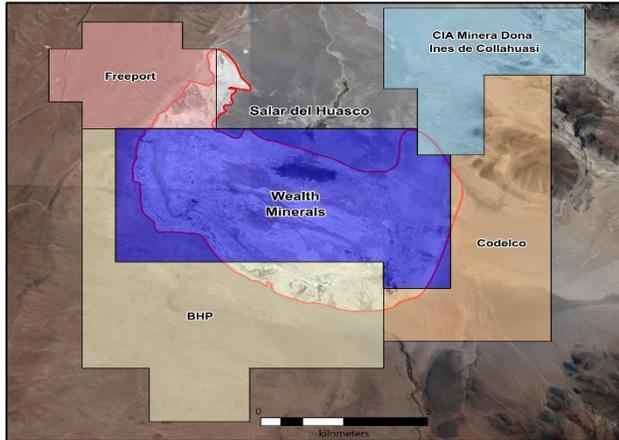
Date	Cash (USD)	WML shares (#)
Upon signing definite option agreement	1 000 000	1 000 000
6 months after signing	1 000 000	1 000 000
12 months after signing	1 000 000	1 000 000
18 months after signing	1 000 000	1 000 000
24 months after signing	2 000 000	2 000 000
28 months after signing	2 000 000	2 000 000
Total	8 000 000	8 000 000

Overview map

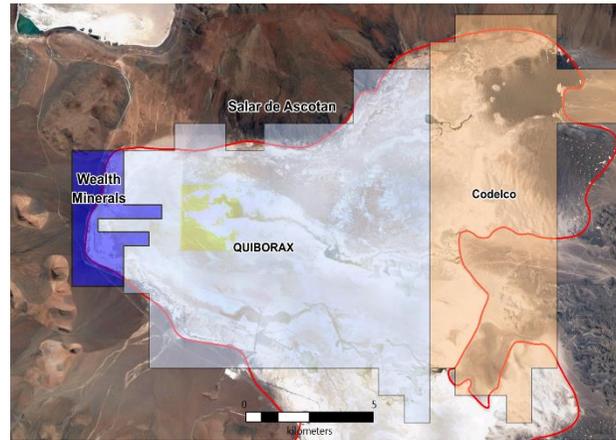


D Five Salars project (II)

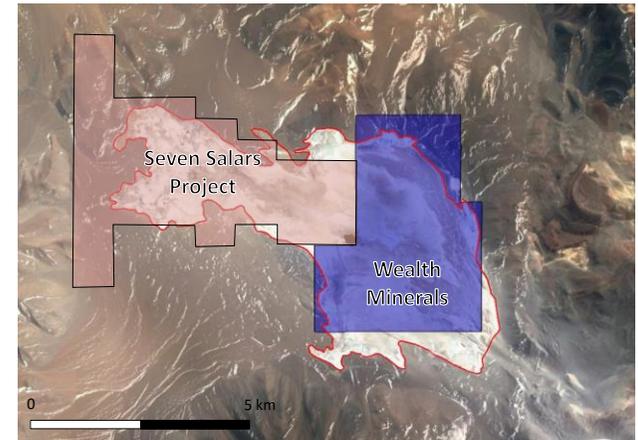
Huasco



Ascotan

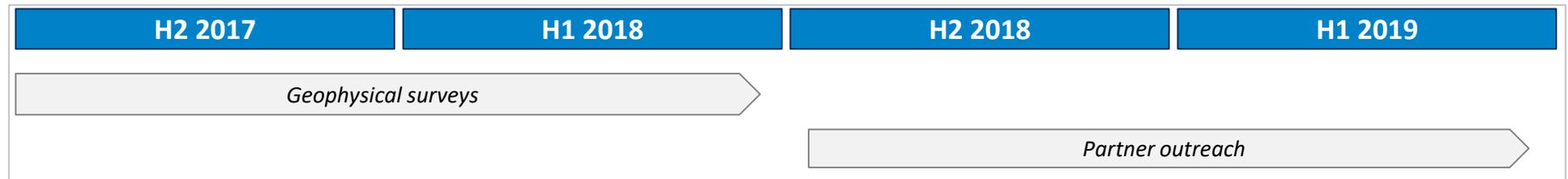


Piedra Parada



WML Five Salars work plan

- Wealth's develop plan for the Five Salars project involves conducting geophysical survey in cooperation with neighboring and holders, which include global leaders in the natural resource industry. The Five Salars project puts Wealth at the forefront of asset consolidation in the industry. Potential partners for Wealth on asset development include CODELCO, BHP Billiton, Talison and SQM. This list does not include new entrants whom management believes will be increasingly active in acquiring projects as the lithium industry (and demand) develops globally. Consolidation in the industry is starting already and the recent activity in the Maricunga salar in Chile is testament to the real impetus in the lithium sector to consolidate land positions and coordinate activity among domestic and foreign players (see Lithium Power International, Bearing Resources and Li3 as examples).



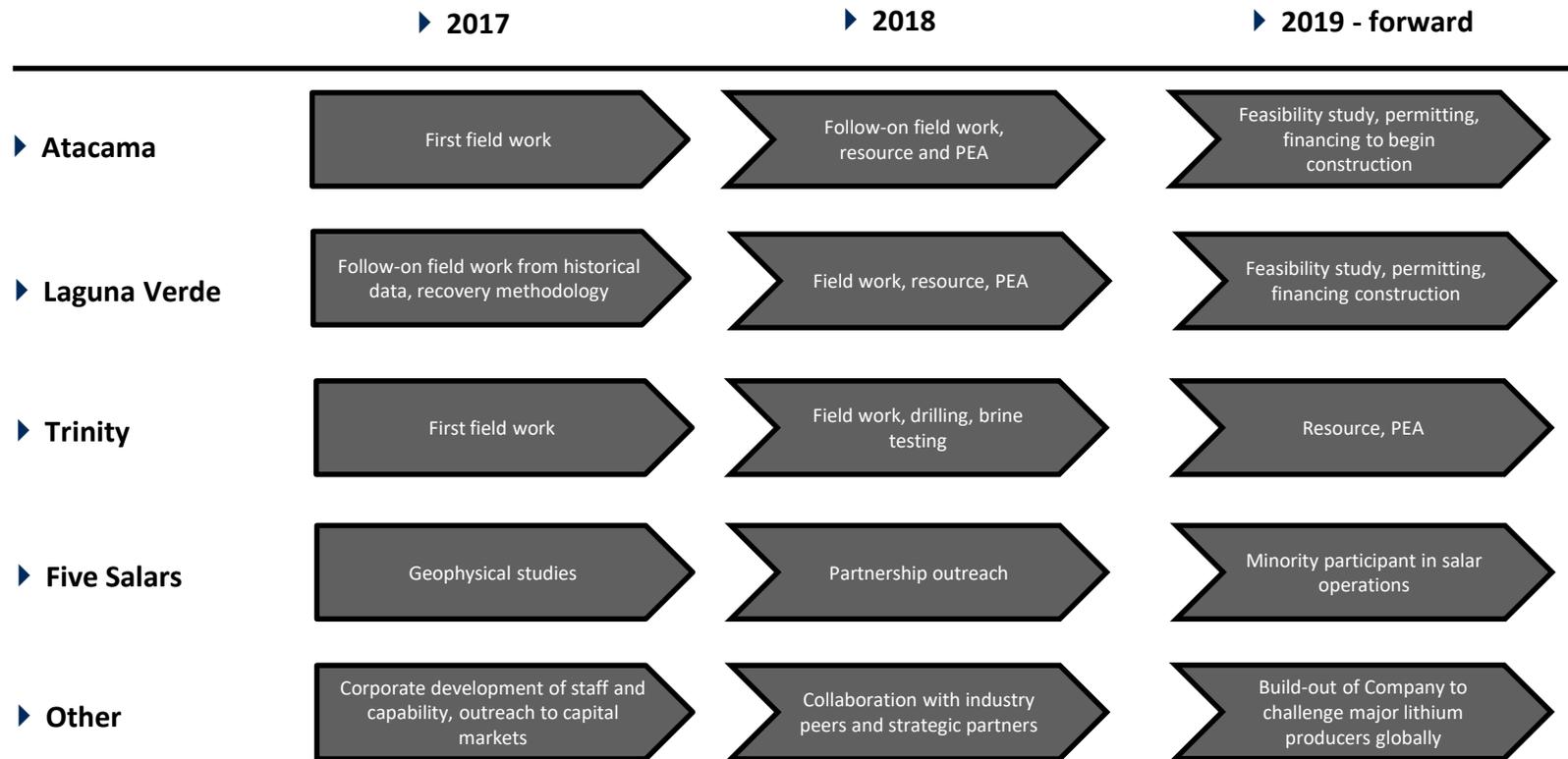
Overview of Chile license system

- Chile has a very rigorous natural resource license system which is predictable and stable. Chile has consistently been ranked as a top-tier global mining jurisdiction by the Fraser Institute and a top business destination by the World Bank.
- The exploration mining concessions or “pedimento” is temporary, has a limited duration which is awarded to investigate the existence of accessible minerals and does not entitle the holder to exploit. The mining exploration concession is valid for a two-year period since the final award that declares it as constituted. Notwithstanding, before that period expires, the holder is able to request a one-time renewal for another two-year period before the expiration date of the first period but only by reducing at least 50% of the area originally granted. The license holder is entitled to file an application for converting the concession to an exploitation concession (“manifestación”) securing the original area if desired. The exploitation mining concession or “manifestación” is indefinite in time and entitles the holder both to explore and to exploit accessible minerals. The conditions to convert a concession from exploration to exploitation status is a survey study, the report of which is submitted to the regulatory bodies for verification and approval. There is no minimal work or spend requirement.
- Wealth’s management is very confident in the Chilean license system, which has proven to ensure property rights for all natural resource companies over several decades. Foreign companies such as BHP Billiton, Rio Tinto, Kinross, Albemarle, and others have all successfully operated in Chile for decades. Wealth employs and retains several land management specialists to ensure full compliance with all Chilean regulations.

Chilean Mining code (Law N°18248 dated October 14, 1983)

Development timeline

- At the current stage of Wealth Minerals development, the company will develop its top priority assets, while steadily advancing other assets and seek opportunities (new technology, strategic partners, asset-specific partners) to create shareholder value
- Aside from asset development, the Company is actively building out its corporate platform by hiring skilled professionals and a team of consultants to accelerate work and capability, i.e. corporate development



Board of Directors and Governance

- Wealth Minerals' Board of Directors is the highest decision making body of the company, acting as stewards of shareholders' interests



Henk van Alphen | CEO / Director

- Mr. van Alphen founded Wealth Minerals in 2005
- More than 30 years of experience in the mining industry. He has been a key player in companies such as Corriente Resources, Cardero Resources, Trevali Mining, Balmoral Resources, and International Tower Hill
- Over \$1B raised in various financial transactions via Mr. van Alphen's involvement



James M. Dawson | Director

- President of Dawson Geological Consultants Ltd., a private geological consulting company, since 1985
- He is a registered professional engineer with 40 years of hands-on fieldwork experience examining, exploring and evaluating a wide range of geological and mineralized settings around the globe, with a particular emphasis on Latin America



Xiaohuan (Juan) Tang | Director

- Mr. Tang is an environmental engineer who most recently served as General Manager of Jinzhao Mining Peru
- Worked at Standard Bank London and Shanghai for structured mining project financing, consultant for the British Foreign Office South American Group and Peruvian think-tank Macroconsult



Leonard Harris | Director

- Mr. Harris is a professional engineer with a metallurgy diploma and 52 years' experience.
- Served as President and General Manager of Newmont Peru Limited and Vice-President and General Manager of Newmont Latin America
- Mr. Harris was General Manager of the Minera Yanacocha gold mine in Peru

- Wealth Minerals has a set corporate governance policies to ensure first rate management systems guide our operations
 - Ultimate decision-making rests with the Board of Directors
 - Treasury controls in place to ensure proper review and approval processes for all cash flows
 - Strict compliance with all Exchange and Regulatory statutes regarding director and officer behavior on capital markets
 - Budgeting process and approval
 - Full transparency of Company financials and management decisions, reported quarterly and available on open-source websites

Capitalisation overview

- Wealth Minerals has been successfully raising equity capital from the North American market

Closing Date	No. of Common Shares Issued	Price (CAD \$)	Total \$ Raised
6-Apr-16	7,780,000	0.20	1,556,000
20-Apr-16	4,000,000	0.25	1,000,000
8-Jun-16	5,000,000	0.40	2,000,000
15-Sep-16	3,660,338	0.70	2,562,236
7-Nov-16	4,089,845	1.10	4,498,829
11-Jan-17	1,838,000	1.00	1,838,000
7-Apr-17	3,625,825	1.35	4,894,864
TOTAL	29,994,008		18,349,929

- Snapshot of current capital structure

Capital Structure	
Shares Outstanding	81,369,574
Options	7,155,000
Fully Diluted	88,524,574
Debt	0
Market Capitalization (1 June 2017)	CDN\$ 156M
Cash	Approx. CDN\$ 4M
TSX-V Ticker	WML.V



- 12 month share price performance reflects successful business strategy and overall enthusiasm for the lithium mining industry (Source: Bloomberg)
- Wealth Minerals named to the 2017 TSX Venture 50®, a ranking of the top performing companies traded on the TSX Venture. Wealth was ranked in the third slot. The 2017 TSX Venture 50 is a ranking of the top ten performers on TSX Venture Exchange from each of five industry sectors for 2016. They were selected based on three equally weighted criteria: market capitalization growth, share price appreciation and trading volume.
- Wealth has filed preliminary listing documents with the Oslo Stock Exchange for a proposed dual listing of its common shares on Oslo Axess, a regulated market (within the meaning of the EU directive on markets) in Oslo, Norway. The Company expects that the Oslo listing process will be completed during the second half of 2017.



Wealth Minerals
LTD